



# World Cowpea Conference 2010

**Theme: “Improving livelihoods in the cowpea value chain through advancement in science”**

**26 September – 1 October 2010  
Framissima Palm Beach Hotel  
Saly, Senegal**

The [5th World Cowpea Research Conference](#) was hosted by IITA and its partners in Dakar, Senegal from 27 September to 1 October 2010 to discuss threats to the survival and farm production of black eyed peas—one of Africa's oldest and most resilient and nutritious crops.

From its humble origins in the drier regions of West Africa, where farmers have grown the black-eyed pea (also known as cowpea) for 5000 years, it was carried to the United States in the bellies of slave ships, and then introduced to the world through international trade. **Today, black-eyed peas are a global commodity, grown in nearly every region of the world.** Sub-Saharan Africa accounts for about 70 percent of total world production.

“Black-eyed peas have been largely neglected despite their multiple benefits and the fact that developing new, high-yield varieties could boost farm incomes by as much as 50 percent while improving household nutrition.” --Hartmann, director general of the International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), which is co-hosting the World Cowpea Research Conference with the [Government of Senegal](#), the [Dry Grain Pulses Collaborative Research Support Program](#), and [Purdue University](#). “Today we see scientists racing against time to rescue and conserve cowpea varieties that can help farmers deal with pests and diseases and adapt to changing environments.”

Among the issues discussed:

- Rescuing cowpea from extinction: Progress on global efforts to rescue the cowpea gene pool.
- "Designer" peas: State-of-the-art genetic research to develop "designer," insect-resistant black-eyed peas.
- Cashing in on cowpea: Improved varieties offer a pathway out of poverty.
- Space food: NASA's efforts to use cowpea as food for astronauts because of its exceptional nutritional value and potential for cultivation in space station greenhouses.
- Cowpea genemap: Update work to produce a new genetic map for cowpea which has used methods developed through the Human Genome Project to accelerate efforts to breed improved varieties.

- Biological controls for cowpea pests: Utilizing genomics tools to develop and deploy biocontrol agents to manage insect pest populations.
- Green-er farming: How farmers are using cowpea as "green" fertilizers to revitalize degraded soils, and use crop waste as energy-rich feed for cows, sheep, and goats.
- Postharvest - Reducing insect damage to cowpea in storage is a cost-effective way to increase the food supply. Millions of African farmers are using hermetic storage without insecticides to safely store cowpea.
- Cowpea-based food entrepreneurship: Cowpea-based street foods provide income for thousands of women in West and Central Africa. New food technologies and better business methods have the potential to up their profits.

In years to come, scientists believe that black-eyed peas could lead the way in Africa's effort to fight malnutrition among its growing population and confront the effects of climate change. The shifting weather patterns threatening to desiccate farmer's fields across the continent put a spotlight on **crops like the black-eyed pea that are rich in vitamins and protein and do well in hot, dry conditions**. Black-eyed peas have the added benefit of releasing nitrogen that revives depleted soils.

For more information, please visit the 5th International Cowpea Research Conference

Web site at: <http://cowpea2010.iita.org/>, or contact:

Dr Christian Fatokun, [c.fatokun@cgiar.org](mailto:c.fatokun@cgiar.org)

Katherine Lopez, [k.lopez@cgiar.org](mailto:k.lopez@cgiar.org)

Jeffrey Oliver, [o.jeffrey@cgiar.org](mailto:o.jeffrey@cgiar.org)

IITA Headquarters  
Ibadan, Nigeria

#### **About IITA ([www.iita.org](http://www.iita.org))**

Africa has complex problems that plague agriculture and people's lives. We develop agricultural solutions with our partners to tackle hunger and poverty. Our award-winning research for development (R4D) is based on focused, authoritative thinking anchored on the development needs of sub-Saharan Africa. We work with partners in Africa and beyond to reduce producer and consumer risks, enhance crop quality and productivity, and generate wealth from agriculture. IITA is an international nonprofit R4D organization established in 1967, governed by a Board of Trustees, and supported primarily by the CGIAR.

**5<sup>th</sup> World Cowpea Research Conference**  
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**Sunday, 26 September** - Arrivals and registration at Palm Beach Hotel, Saly

**Monday, 27 September** – Registration and opening ceremony

**PROGRAM: Opening Ceremony**

10.00 – 10.10 a.m.	Introductions - Master of Ceremony: Mbene Faye
10.10 – 10:25 a.m.	Welcome address - Macoumba Diouf, ISRA
10:25 – 11:00 a.m.	Setting the tone - Lakshmi Menon, IITA
11.00 – 11.05 a.m.	Goodwill message - Larry Murdock, Purdue University
11.05 – 11.10 a.m.	Goodwill message - Irv Widders, CRSP
11.10 – 11:25 a.m.	Remarks and introduction of guest of honor: The Government of Senegal - Honourable Minister for Agriculture
11.25 a.m. – 11.40 a.m.	Opening remarks and declaration of conference open – First Lady of Senegal Madame Viviane Wade
11:40 – 11:45 a.m.	Vote of thanks - David Chikoye – IITA
11.45 – 11.55 a.m.	<i>Group photo</i>

**Simultaneous events**

*Chairman:* Steve Misari

*Rapportuers:* H. Ajeigbe and H. Tefera

11.55 a.m. – 12.55 p.m.	Plenary: "Cowpeas: A solution to global challenges" – Irv Widders, Michigan State University
11.55 a.m. – 12.25 p.m.	Media conference
12.55 p.m. – 2.00 p.m.	<i>Lunch</i>

## **Scientific sessions**

### **A. Genetics and Breeding**

*Chairman – H.D. Mignouna*

*Rapporteurs: H. Ajeigbe and J. Tignegre*

14.00 – 14.40	Breeding diverse, durable and diet-plus cowpea varieties for increased production, enhanced nutrition and health in the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century. B.B. Singh
14.40 – 15.00	Genus <i>Vigna</i> and cowpea ( <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L.) Walp.) taxonomy R. S. Pasquet and S. Padulosi
15.00 – 15.20	Sharing the responsibilities of cowpea and wild relative long-term conservation D. Dumet, C. Fatokun, R. Pasquet, J. Ehlers, L. Kumar, S. Hearne, K. Sonder, S. Aladele, O. Boukar, R. Vodouhe, and L. Garino
15.20 – 15.40	Evaluation of cowpea germplasm lines for minerals and protein content in grains. O. Boukar, F. Massawe, S. Muranaka, J. Franco, B. Maziya-Dixon, and C. Fatokun.
15.40 – 16.00	Inheritance of testa texture of cowpea ( <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> [L.] Walp) and genotypic characterization of some cowpea cultivars T.B.J. Batien, I. Drabo, J.D. Zongo, and J.T. Ouedraogo
16.00 – 16.30	Coffee/Tea
16.30 – 16.50	Modern Approaches for Cowpea Breeding: How high-throughput genotyping and a high-density map changes everything J. D. Ehlers, N. Diop, S.J. Hearne, D. Dumet, S. Wanamaker, R. Chiulele, A. David, P. A. Roberts, and T. J. Close
16.50 – 17.10	Combining Striga and aphid resistance in cowpea I.D.K. Atokple and F. Kusi
17.10 – 17.30	Selection of cowpea genotypes via farmers' participatory varietal selection activity in Niger S. Muranaka, O. Boukar, A. Abdulaye, and C. Fatokun
17.30 – 17.50	Cowpea breeding in the USA: New varieties and improved germplasm R. Fery, J. D. Ehlers, and P. A. Roberts.
17.50 – 18.15	General discussion
18.15 – 18.20	Chairman's closing remarks.

**Tuesday, 28 September**

**B. Bioengineering and Biosafety**

*Chairman:* Jeremy Ouedraogo

*Rapportuers:* Mpumi Oboko and E.O. Tienebo

8.30 – 8.50	On the origins and development of GM cowpea L. Murdock
8.50 – 9.30	Insect protected cowpeas using gene technology T.J. Higgins, S. Gollasch, L. Molvig, A. Moore, C. Popelka, J. Armstrong, R. Mahon, J. Ehlers, J. Huesing, V. Margam, R. Shade, and L. Murdock
9.30 – 9.50	$\alpha$ -Amylase inhibitor cowpea L.L. Murdock, T.J.V. Higgins, R. Shade, J. Ehlers, and C. Popelka
9.50 – 10.10	Field Evaluation of some transgenic <i>Maruca</i> resistant <i>Bt</i> Cowpea for Agronomic traits under confinement in Zaria, Nigeria M.F. Ishiyaku, T.J. Higgins, M.L. Umar, S.M. Misari, H.J. Mignouna, Francis Nang'Ayo, J. Stein, L.M. Murdock, M. Obokoh, and J. E. Huesing
10.10 – 10.30	Assessing the impact of bruchid-resistant ( $\alpha$ AI-1) transgenic cowpeas on Hymenopteran parasitoids J. Romeis, C. Lüthi, F. Alvarez-Alfageme
10.30 – 10.45	Coffee/Tea
10.45 – 11.15	Assessing the Potential Allergenicity of Genetically Modified (GM) Cowpeas Following CODEX Alimentarius Guidelines (2003) R. E. Goodman
11.15 – 11.35	Assessment of potential impact of Bt-cowpea on non-target organisms J. Huesing, J. Romeis, and M. Tamò
11.35 – 11.55	Insect resistance management considerations for Bt cowpea in Africa J. Huesing
11.55 – 12.15	Bt-cowpea transgene escape to cowpea wild-relatives R. S. Pasquet
12.15 – 12.35	Gene flow from cowpea to its wild relatives Fatokun, C. A., O. Boukar and M. Tamò
12.35 - 12.55	Discussion
12.55 - 13.00	Chairman's closing remarks
13.0 – 14.00	Lunch

## **Genomics tools**

*Chairman:* B.B. Singh

*Rapporteurs:* Ndeye Diop and Lucky Omoigui

14.00 – 14.40	New Cowpea IT97K-499-35 Genome Resources: 17X BAC library, 10X physical map anchored to a 1000-SNP genetic map, genome-wide sequences coupled to the genetic and physical maps. T. J. Close, M. C. Luo, G. D. May, S. A. Jackson, Y. Ma, J. Wu, F. M. You, Y. Q. Gu, N. Diop, S. Wanamaker, R. Fenton, S. Bozdag, S. Lonardi, P. A. Roberts, J. D. Ehlers
14.40 – 15.00	Application of FTA® technology for sampling, and recovery of DNA for molecular characterization of cowpea breeding lines for Striga resistance L. O. Omoigui, M.F. Ishiyaku, O. Boukar, B. Gowda, and M.P. Timko
15.00 – 15.20	Identification and characterization of MicroRNAs in Cowpea E. Barrera-Figueroa, L. Gao, N.N. Diop, Z. Wu, J.D. Ehlers, P.A. Roberts, T. J. Close, J.K. Zhu, and R. Liu.
15.20 – 15.40	Optimal units of selection – how many plants are representative of diversity in collections of cowpea landrace accessions? S. Hearne, J. Franco-Duran, and E. Magembe
15.40 – 16.00	Molecular characterization of various cowpeas ( <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L.) Walpers) varieties and their microbial symbiosis: Seeking for elites E. O. Tienebo, M. C. Gueye, A. Manga, T. Diop, N. Cisse
16.00 – 16.30	Coffee/Tea
16.30 – 16.50	An improved consensus genetic linkage map of cowpea [ <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L) Walp.] N. Diop, J. D. Ehlers, S. Wanamaker, W. Muchero, C. Fatokun, G. Li, P. A. Roberts, and T. J. Close
16.50 – 17.10	Genetic and physical mapping of resistance to biotic stresses in cowpea P. A. Roberts, W. Muchero, N. Cisse, I. Drabo, C. Fatokun, O. Boukar, E. Agbicodo, M. Pottoroff, N. Diop, S. Wanamaker, T. J. Close, and J. D. Ehlers
17.10 – 17.30	Genetic mapping, physical location and synteny of <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. tracheiphilum race 3 resistance locus in cowpea M. O. Pottoroff, J. D. Ehlers, T. J. Close, and P. A. Roberts
17.30 – 17.50	Genomic distribution of loci exhibiting positive pleiotropic effects on delayed senescence, grain yield and biomass accumulation under drought stress in cowpea W. Muchero, J. D. Ehlers, I. Drabo, S. Marunaka, N. Cisse, N.N. Diop, S. Wanamaker, T. J. Close, and P. A. Roberts
17.50 – 18.25	General discussion

18.25 – 18.30 Chairman's closing remarks

Posters:

### **Wednesday, 29 September**

#### **C. Cowpea in the systems**

*Chairman:* Irv Widders

*Rapportuers:* Steve Kilani and Hamidou Falalou

- 8.30 – 9.10 Cowpea in Evolving Livestock Systems  
E. E. Grings and S. Tarawali
- 9.10 – 9.25 Evaluation of cowpea lines for adaptation to different agro-ecologies of Mozambique  
S. Boahen and D. Chikoye
- 9.25 – 9.40 Performances technologiques de quelques variétés améliorée de niébé du Niger  
R. Seydou, S. Kaka, M. Adamou, A. Toudou
- 9.40 – 9.55 Improvement in grain and fodder yields of cowpea genotypes representing four decades of breeding in the Nigerian Sudan savannas  
A.Y. Kamara, H. Ajeigbe, S.U. Ewansiha, O. Boukar, R. Okechukwu, H. Tefera, and L.O. Omoigui
- 9.55 – 10.10 Improving the productivities of cowpea-cereal cropping systems in the dry savannas of West Africa through dissemination of improved cowpea cropping systems  
H.A. Ajeigbe, B.B. Singh, A. Y. Kamara, D. Chikoye, A.K. Saidou, and R.S. Adamu
- 10.10 – 10.25 Improving the productivity of cowpea in the savannas of northeast Nigeria through participatory evaluation and dissemination of improved varieties  
A. Y. Kamara, L.O. Omoigui, and S. U. Ewansiha
- 10.25 – 10.55 Coffee/Tea
- 10.55 – 11.10 The Use of Cowpea for Increase Crop-livestock Integration and Improved Productivities in the Dry savannas of West Africa  
Ajeigbe, H.A., A. Musa, B.B. Singh, and S. A. Tarawali
- 11.10 – 11.25 Increasing the productivity of cowpea with rhizobium inoculants  
G.R. Xavier, L.M.V. Martins, R.M.M. Alcantra, C.E.R. do Santos, N.G. Rumjanek, R.M.R. Gaulter, and R.M. Boddey
- 11.25 – 11.40 Effect of phosphorus on survival, nodulation and yield of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) varieties across a soil fertility degradation gradient in Western Kenya  
S.N. Oundo, O. J. Ojiem, J.R. Okalebo, C.O. Othieno, J.G. Lauren, and B.A. Medvecky

11.40 – 11.55	Effect of drought stress on physiological traits of cowpea ( <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> L. Walp.): tolerant varieties and relevant traits for breeding programs H. Falalou and B. Serge
11.55 – 12.10	Seed health constrains up scaling informal seed systems P.C. Biemond, M. Ayodele, O. Oguntade, A.Y. Kamara, T.J. Stomph, and P.C. Struik
12.10 – 12.25	Building capacity for community cowpea seed production and delivery in Tanzania: Experiences from pilot villages in Iringa district K.P. Sibuga, D.P. Mamiro, E.A. Lazaro, F.E. Mwakitwange, D. Philip, and D. Chilosa
12.25 – 12.55	General discussion
12.55 – 13.00	Chairman's closing remarks
13.00 – 14.00	Lunch
<b>D. Biotic stresses</b>	
<i>Chairman:</i> Victor Manyong	
<i>Rapporteurs:</i> O.O. Odedara and Malick Ba	
14.00 – 14.40	Efforts de gestion des contraintes biotiques au Burkina Faso et en Afrique de l'Ouest Dabiré C., Tamò M. Ouédraogo T.J., Tignegré J. B., Ba M., Hammond W. et Coulibaly O.
14.40 – 15.00	Managing the risk of introducing seed-transmitted viruses associated with import of cowpea germplasm into India V. Celia Chalam, D.B. Parakh, R.K. Khetarpal, A.K. Maurya, and Promil Kapoor
15.00 – 15.20	Potential effect of phytopesticide (rice husk extract) on root and soil-borne fungi pathogens of cowpea isolated in the Northern Guinea Savannah of Nigeria Killani, A. Steven, Abaidoo, Robert C. and Akintokun, A. Kofoworola
15.20 – 15.40	Controlling virus diseases of cowpea in sub-Saharan Africa: status and prospects P. Lava Kumar, C.A. Fatokun, D. Dument, O. Boukar and S. Boahen
15.40 – 16.00	Genomics of the legume pod borer <i>Maruca vitrata</i> Fabricius (Lepidoptera: Crambidae) Venu M. Margam, Brad S. Coates, Tolulope Agunbiade, Weilin Sun, Malick N. Ba, Clementine L. Binso-Dabire, Ibrahim Baoua, Mohammad F. Ishiyaku, Richard L. Hellmich, Fernando G. Covas, Srinivasan Ramasamy, Joel Armstrong, Larry L. Murdock, and Barry R. Pittendrigh
16.00 – 16.30	Coffee/Tea

16.30 – 16.50	Migration and mating status of the legume pod borer, <i>Maruca vitrata</i> in Northern Nigeria with reference to the efficacy of synthetic sex pheromone traps T. Adati, M. Tamò, and M.C.A. Downham
16.50 – 17.10	IPM-omics: how omics is reshaping the way we do integrated pest management and implications for cowpea in West Africa Barry Pittendrigh, Aaron Gassmann, Venu Margam, Brad Coates, Malick Ba, Clememtine Dabire, Ibrahim Baoua, and Manuele Tamò
17.10 – 17.30	Biological control: a major component for the long-term cowpea pest management strategy Manuele Tamò, Srinivasan Ramasamy, Cyriaque Agboton, Clémentine Dabiré, Ibrahim Baoua, Malick Ba, Haruna Braimah, and Barry R. Pittendrigh
17.30 – 17.50	Plant protection deployment strategies for extension services and cowpea farmers Julia Bello Bravo, Francisco Seufferheld, Malick N. Ba, Clementine L. Binso-Dabire, Ibrahim Baoua, Manuele Tamò, and Barry Pittendrigh
17.50 – 18.25	General discussion
18.25 – 18.30	Chairman's closing remarks
19.30 -	<b>Conference Dinner: Sponsored by AATF</b>

### **Thursday, 30 September**

#### **E. Postharvest/utilization**

*Chairman:* Kallunde Sibuga

*Rapporteurs:* Casmir Aitchedji and Shehu Musa

8.30 – 9.10	Cowpea Grain Storage: Old Problem, New Solutions I. Baoua
9.10 – 9.30	Hard-to-cook (HTC) phenomena in cowpeas: Causes, mechanisms, prevention or alleviation A. Minnaar
9.30 – 9.50	Association of seed coat color to polyphenols, tannins and antioxidant activity in <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> varieties Archana J. Gawde, B.B. Singh, Jeff Ehlers, and Joseph Awika
9.50 – 10.10	Value-Added Processing of Cowpeas in West Africa: Cowpea-Based Street Food Enterprises in Niger and Ghana. Miriam Otoo, Joan Fulton, Germaine Ibro and James Lowenberg-DeBoer,
10.10 – 10.40	Coffee/Tea

10.40 – 11.10	Purdue Improved Cowpea Storage (PICS): What it is and how it works Larry Murdock, Venu Margam, Ibrahim Baoua, Susan Balfé, Lisa Mauer, and Richard Shade
11.10 – 11.30	Expérience originale et efficace de diffusion de la technologie PICS au Burkina Faso Clementine L. Dabiré-Binso, Antoine Sanon, Malick N. Ba, Dieudonné Baributsa, James Lowenberg-DeBoer, et Larry Murdock
11.30 – 11.50	Evaluation de la réutilisation des sacs PICS et de leur usage pour la conservation d'autres denrées dans les zones de diffusion de la technologie du triple ensachage au Burkina Faso Antoine Sanon, Clémentine Loule Dabiré/Binso, Niango Ba Malick, Dieudonné Baritbutsa, et James Lowenberg-DeBoer, Larry Murdock
11.50 – 12.10	Adoption of PICS bags in the Northern Nigeria: a case study of Jigawa, Kano and Katsina States T. Abdoulaye, Bamikole Ayedun, S.A Musa, J. Lowenberg-Deboer, D. Baributsa
12.10 – 12.30	Cell phone video for communicating hermetic cowpea storage skills Dieudonné Baributsa, Jess Lowenberg-DeBoer and Abdou Kamarou Djibo
12.30 – 12.55	General discussion
12.55 – 13.00	Chairman's closing remarks
13.00 – 14.00	Lunch

#### F. Socioeconomics

*Chairman:* Clementine Dabire

*Rapporteurs:* A. Sounkura and Bamikole Ayedun

14.00 – 14.40	The challenge of supply chain development for cowpea technology in developing countries J. Lowenberg-DeBoer, Baributsa, D., H. Fabries
14.40 – 15.00	Effectiveness of cowpea and wild <i>Vigna</i> germplasm distribution and cost implication on their conservation efforts by IITA's genebank V.M. Manyong, D. Dumet, A.T. Ogundapo, and D. Horna
15.00 – 15.20	Supply chain development for cowpea storage technology in developing countries: Case study of hermetic triple layer sacks in West and Central Africa Dieudonne Baributsa, Jess Lowenberg-DeBoer, and Heather Fabries
15.20 – 15.40	Potential pour un développement effectif de la participation des femmes dans le sous secteur niébé à Kano Germaine Ibro, J. Lowenberg-De Boer, et Musa Shehu
15.40 – 16.00	The cowpea economy in West Africa—facts, trends, and outlook

A.D. Alene, T. Abdoulaye, J. Rusike, and V.M. Manyong

16.00 – 16.30	Coffee/Tea
16.30 – 16.50	Gender and adoption of cowpea innovations in West Africa: Review of some critical issues A. Sounkoura, C. Ousmane, Aitchedji
16.50 – 17.10	Economic and Technology transfer in a Livelihoods context. Lessons learned from the implementation and use of Hermetic Triple Plastic bagging in West Africa by World Vision International Eric Schmidt, Bakary Thiero, Salifou Yaou and Kamarou Djibo
17.10 – 17.30	Targeting Cowpea breeding and seed delivery efforts to enhance poverty impacts in sub-Saharan Africa O. Coulibaly, A. D. Alene, T. Abdoulaye, J. Chianu, V. Manyong, C. Aitchedji, C. Fatokun <sup>6</sup> , A. Kamara <sup>3</sup> , B. Ousmane <sup>3</sup> , H. Tefera <sup>2</sup> , and S. Boahen <sup>7</sup>
17.30 – 17.50	Participatory Cowpea Development for Poverty Reduction and Sustainable livelihoods in West Africa: Case of PRONAF (Projet Niébé pour l'Afrique) a multi-partners, regional and collaborative project Adeoti, R., O. Coulibaly, R. Allomasso, S. Adetolah, B. Gbaguidi and C. Fatokun
17.50 – 18.25	General discussion
18.25 – 18.30	Chairman's closing remarks

### **Wrap up/closing session**

*Co-chairs:* AATF and IITA

*Panel:*

Irv Widders  
Kallunde Sibuga  
Jess Lowenberg De Boer  
Hodeba Mignouna  
Larry Murdock  
ISRA DG

*Rapporteurs:* T. Abdoulaye  
Steve Boahen  
O. Boukar

### **Friday, 1 October**

8.30 – 11.00	Purdue Improved Cowpea Storage (PICS).
14.00 – 18.00	Bt cowpea special event

## **Genetics and Breeding**

### **Oral**

#### **Genetic variation in the mineral content (iron and zinc) of local cowpea varieties in Ghana**

K. Adofo<sup>1,2\*</sup>, H. Adu-Dapaah<sup>1</sup>, A.W. van Heusden<sup>2</sup> and B. Vosman<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>CSIR-Crops Research Institute, Kumasi, Ashanti Region, Ghana

<sup>2</sup>Wageningen UR Plant Breeding, Wageningen University and Research, P.O. Box 16, 6700AA, Wageningen, The Netherlands

#### **Selection of cowpea genotypes via farmers' participatory varietal selection activity in Niger**

S. Muranaka<sup>1,\*</sup>, O. Boukar<sup>1</sup>, A. Abdulaye<sup>2</sup> and C. Fatokun<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA),

<sup>2</sup> Institut National de Recherche Agronomique du Niger (INRAN)

#### **Combining *Striga* and aphids resistance in cowpea**

I.D.K. Atokple\* and F. Kusi

Savanna Agricultural Research Institute, P.O. Box 52, Tamale, Ghana

#### **Sharing the responsibilities of cowpea and wild relative long-term conservation**

D. Dominique, C. Fatokun, R. Pasquet, J. Ehlers, L. Kumar, S. Hearne, K. Sonder, S. Aladele, O. Boukar, R. Vodouhe, and L. Garino

#### **Advances in cowpea improvement at Agricultural Research Council (ARC)-Grain Crops Institute, Potchefstroom, South Africa**

J.A.N. Asiwe

Agricultural Research Council (ARC)-Small Grain Institute, Private Bag X29, Bethlehem 9700, South Africa

#### **Modern approaches for cowpea breeding: How high-throughput genotyping and a high-density map change everything**

J.D. Ehlers<sup>1,5\*</sup>, N. Diop<sup>1</sup>, S. Hearne<sup>2</sup>, D. Dumet<sup>2</sup>, S. Wanamaker<sup>1</sup>, R. Chiulele<sup>3</sup>, A. David<sup>4</sup>, P.A. Roberts<sup>1</sup>, and T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA;

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Ibadan, Nigeria;

<sup>3</sup>Eduardo Mondlane University, Maputo Mozambique;

<sup>4</sup>Instituto de Investigacao Agronomica, Huambo, Angola

#### **Evaluation of cowpea germplasm lines for minerals and protein content in grains**

O. Boukar\*, F. Massawe, S. Muranaka, J. Franco, B. Maziya-Dixon, and C. Fatokun

International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), P.M.B. 53220, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria

#### **Genus *Vigna* and cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] taxonomy**

R.S. Pasquet\* and S. Padulosi

ICIPE

#### **Breeding high-yielding cowpea varieties with enhanced nutritional and health traits**

B.B. Singh\* and J. Awika

Visiting Professor, and Assistant Professor respectively, Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

## **Cowpea breeding in the USA: New varieties and improved germplasm**

R. Fery<sup>1\*</sup>, J. D. Ehlers<sup>2</sup>, P.A. Roberts<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Vegetable Laboratory, Charleston, South Carolina, 29414, USA

<sup>2</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA

### **Poster**

## **Comparative analysis of genetic diversity and genetic relatedness between cultivated and wild cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] based on agronomic traits and microsatellite markers**

L.A. Ogunkanmi<sup>1\*</sup>, O.T. Ogundipe<sup>2</sup>, and C.A. Fatokun<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Cell biology and genetics department, University of Lagos, Lagos, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Botany and Microbiology department, University of Lagos, Lagos, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture IITA, Ibadan Nigeria

## **Relationships among 30 elite cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] varieties as revealed by physiological and molecular descriptors**

O.G. Omitogun<sup>1\*</sup>, A.S. Oladejo<sup>2\*</sup>, and I.O. Obisesan<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Animal Sciences, Faculty of Agriculture, Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife 220005

<sup>2</sup>Department of Crop Production and Protection

## **Inheritance of testa texture of cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] and genotypic characterization of some cowpea cultivars**

T.B.J. Batieno<sup>1\*</sup>, I. Drabo<sup>2</sup>, J.D. Zongo<sup>1</sup> and J.T. Ouedraogo<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Universite de Ouagadougou, UFR SVT, Burkina Faso

<sup>2</sup>Centre Regional de Recherches Environnementales et Agricoles du Centre INERA saria 01 BP 10 Koudougou 01

<sup>3</sup>Centre de Recherches Environnementales et Agricoles et de formation de Kamboinse 01 BP 471 Ouagadougou 01

## **Combining ability study of *Striga gesnerioides* resistance in cowpea using in vitro and pot screenings**

J.B.S. Tignegre<sup>1\*</sup>, J.T. Ouedraogo<sup>1</sup>, R. Melis<sup>2</sup>, P. Tongoona<sup>2</sup>, I. Drabo<sup>3</sup> and O. Ouedraogo<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Centre de Recherches Environnementales et Agricoles et de formation de Kamboinse 01 BP 471 Ouagadougou 01 Burkina Faso, [racinetignegre@yahoo.com](mailto:racinetignegre@yahoo.com)

<sup>2</sup>ACCI-University of KwaZulu Natal, PMB South Africa

<sup>3</sup>Centre Regional de Recherches Environnementales et Agricoles du Centre INERA saria 01 BP 10 Koudougou 01

## **Current status of cowpea breeding in Botswana**

L. Fite Geleta

Department of Agricultural Research, Private Bag 0033, Gaborone, Botswana

## **Tetraploid induction of *Vigna unguiculata* using colchicine treatment**

O.A. Adetula<sup>1\*</sup> and C.A. Fatokun<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>National Horticultural Research Institute.P.M.B5432, Idi-Ishin, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria; and

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, (IITA), Ibadan, Nigeria. PMB 5320, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria, olagorite@yahoo.com

## **Characterizing genetics of resistance to multiple virus infections in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]**

K.E. Ogunsoala<sup>1,2\*</sup>, C.A. Fatokun<sup>1</sup>, O. Boukar<sup>3</sup>, C.O. Ilori<sup>2</sup> and P. L. Kumar<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), PMB 5320, Oyo Road, Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Department of Crop Protection and Environmental Biology, University of Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>IITA-Kano, PMB 3112, Kano, Nigeria

**Studies on genetic diversity in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] using biometrical traits and molecular markers**

R.U. Kumari

Professor, Dept of Plant Breeding and Genetics, Agricultural College and Research Institute, Madurai 625104, Tamilnadu, India, [genusha2003@yahoo.co.in](mailto:genusha2003@yahoo.co.in)

**Studies on induced mutagenesis in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]**

V. Ashok Kumar<sup>\*</sup> and. R. Ushakumari

**Etude de la diversite genetique des caracteres agromorphologiques des niebes du Niger**

M. Adamou

INRAN BP 429 Niamey, Niger

**Improving elite cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] lines in the uplands of Njala, Southern Sierra Leone**

M.T. Moseray<sup>1</sup>, A.E.Samura, and A. Mansaray

Njala Agricultural Research Centre (NARC), c/o Sierra Leone Agricultural Research Institute (SLARI), PMB 1313, Tower Hill, Freetown, Sierra Leone.

**Reconnecting cowpea breeding activities to domestic market demand in Ghana**

W. Quaye

Food Research Institute- Ghana/Wageningen University Netherlands, [quayewilhemina@yahoo.com](mailto:quayewilhemina@yahoo.com)

**Study of combining ability, exploitation of recombinational variability for yield traits in cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* L.)**

K.D. Sanjeev<sup>1\*</sup>, P. M. Salimath<sup>2</sup> and S. Jahagirdar<sup>3</sup>

Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding, UAS, Dharwad-5, India

<sup>1</sup>Associate Professor (GPB), UAS, Dharwad-580005, Karnataka state, India

<sup>2</sup>Director of Research, UAS, Dharwad

<sup>3</sup>Pathologist, AICRP (Soyabean), UAS, Dharwad-5

**Assessing the genetic variability of cowpea drought tolerance in Mozambique**

R.M. Chiulele<sup>1\*</sup>, G. Mwangi<sup>2</sup>, P. Toongona<sup>2</sup>, J.D. Ehlers<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Universidade Eduardo Mondlane, Dept. of Plant Production and Protection, PO Box 257, Maputo, Mozambique

<sup>2</sup>University of KwaZulu Natal, ACCI, School of Biochemistry and Plant Pathology, Pietermaritzburg, Republic of South Africa

<sup>3</sup>University of California Riverside, Dept. of Botany and Plant Sciences, Riverside, CA 92521-0124, USA, [rchiulele@uem.mz](mailto:rchiulele@uem.mz)

**Development of superior lines through interspecific hybridization in vegetable cowpea (*V. unguiculata* L. Walp × *Vigna sesquipedalis*)**

M. Dhandapani<sup>1\*</sup>, J.N. Khanum<sup>2</sup> and D.L. Savithramma<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Regional Research Station, Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Paiyur-635112, India, [dhanda1977@gmail.com](mailto:dhanda1977@gmail.com)

<sup>2</sup> Seed Testing Laboratory, Department of Agriculture, Bangalore-24, India

<sup>3</sup> Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding, GKVK, UAS, Bangalore-65, India

**Estimation of additive, dominance and digenic epistatic interaction effects for certain yield and yield attributing characters in vegetable cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]**

M. Dhandapani<sup>\*2</sup>, J.N. Khanum<sup>1</sup>, and D.L. Savithramma<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Seed Testing Laboratory, Department of Agriculture, Bangalore-24, India

<sup>2</sup>Regional Research Station, Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Paiyur-635112, India,

[dhanda1977@gmail.com](mailto:dhanda1977@gmail.com)

<sup>3</sup>Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding, GKVK, UAS, Bangalore-65, India

**Genetic divergence of cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] genotypes**

A.K.M. Alam<sup>\*</sup>, R. Podder,<sup>1</sup> and A. Sarker<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Pulses Research Centre, BARI, Gazipur-1701, [akmliton@yahoo.com](mailto:akmliton@yahoo.com)

<sup>2</sup>ICARDA, Syria

**Understanding and unlocking cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) genetic diversity**

S. Hearne<sup>1,2\*</sup>, J. Franco-Duran<sup>1</sup>, E. Magembe<sup>2</sup>, I. Nzuki<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>IITA, Oyo Road, Ibadan, Nigeria,

<sup>2</sup>IITA-Kenya, ILRI, Nairobi, Kenya

**Genomics**

**Oral**

**Optimal units of selection – how many plants are representative of diversity in collections of cowpea landrace accessions?**

Sarah Hearne<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Jorge Franco-Duran<sup>1</sup>, Eric Magembe<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>IITA, Oyo Road, Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>IITA-Kenya, ILRI, Nairobi, Kenya

**Molecular characterization of various cowpeas [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] varieties and their microbial symbiosis: Seeking for elites**

E. O. Tienebo<sup>1\*</sup>, M. C. Gueye<sup>1</sup>, A. Manga<sup>2</sup>, T. Diop<sup>2</sup>, and N. CISSE<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Centre d'étude Régional pour l'Amélioration de l'Adaptation des plantes à la Sécheresse ; BP3320 Thiès, Sénégal

<sup>2</sup>Laboratoire de Biotechnologie des Champignons ; BP 5005 SN-Dakar, Sénégal

<sup>3</sup>Centre national de Recherches agronomiques de Bambey, Sénégal ; SRA/CNRA BP 53, Bambey, Sénégal

**RAPD analysis aided characterisation and evaluation of relationship of cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] breeding lines**

G. Sahay, A. Chandra, and S. Srivastava

Crop Improvement Division, Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Institute, Jhansi-284003, India

**Application of FTA® technology for sampling, and recovery of DNA for molecular characterization of cowpea breeding lines for *Striga* resistance**

L.O. Omoigui<sup>1\*</sup>, M. F. Ishiyaku<sup>2</sup>, B. Ousmane<sup>1</sup>, B. Gwoda,<sup>3</sup> and M. P. Timko<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Plant Breeding and Seed Science, University of Agriculture, Makurdi PMB 2373, Benue, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Department of Plant Science, Ahmadu Bello University, PMB 1044, Zaria, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>Department of Biology, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia 22904 USA

<sup>4</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Ibadan, Nigeria

**New Cowpea IT97K-499-35 Genome Resources: 17X BAC library, 10X physical map anchored to a 1000-SNP genetic map, genome-wide sequences coupled to the genetic and physical maps**

T.J. Close<sup>1\*</sup>, M.C. Luo<sup>2</sup>, G.D. May<sup>3</sup>, S.A. Jackson<sup>4</sup>, Y. Ma<sup>1,2</sup>, J. Wu<sup>2,5</sup>, F.M. You<sup>2,5</sup>, Y.Q. Gu<sup>5</sup>, N. Diop<sup>1</sup>, S. Wanamaker<sup>1</sup>, R. Fenton<sup>1</sup>, S. Bozdag<sup>1</sup>, S. Lonardi<sup>1</sup>, P.A. Roberts<sup>1</sup>, and J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA  
<sup>2</sup>University of California, Davis, California, 95616, USA  
<sup>3</sup>National Center for Genome Resources, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87505, USA  
<sup>4</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, 47907, USA  
<sup>5</sup>USDA-ARS Western Regional Research Center, Albany, California, 94710, USA

**An improved consensus genetic linkage map of cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]**  
N.N. Diop<sup>1,2\*</sup>, J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>, S. Wanamaker<sup>1</sup>, W. Muchero<sup>1</sup>, C. Fatokun<sup>3</sup>, M. Guojing<sup>4</sup>, P.A. Roberts<sup>1</sup>, and T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA  
<sup>2</sup>Institut Sénégalaïs de Recherches Agricoles, Bambey, Senegal  
<sup>3</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture: Ibadan, Nigeria  
<sup>4</sup>Institute of Vegetables, Zhejiang Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Hangzhou 310021, PR China

**Genetic and physical mapping of resistance to biotic stresses in cowpea**  
P.A. Roberts<sup>1</sup>, W. Muchero<sup>1</sup>, N. Cisse<sup>2</sup>, I. Drabo<sup>3</sup>, C. Fatokun<sup>4</sup>, O. Boukar<sup>4</sup>, E. Agbicodo<sup>4,5</sup>, M. Pottorff<sup>1</sup>, N. N. Diop<sup>1</sup>, S. Wanamaker<sup>1</sup>, T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>, and J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA  
<sup>2</sup>ISRA, Bambey, Senegal  
<sup>3</sup>INERA, Saria, Koudougou, Burkina Faso  
<sup>4</sup>IITA, Ibadan and Kano, Nigeria  
<sup>5</sup>Wageningen University and Research Centre, Wageningen, The Netherlands  
**Genomic distribution of loci exhibiting positive pleiotropic effects on delayed senescence, grain yield and biomass accumulation under drought stress in cowpea**  
W. Muchero<sup>1</sup>, J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>, I. Drabo<sup>2</sup>, S. Marunaka<sup>3</sup>, N. Cisse<sup>4</sup>, N.N. Diop<sup>1</sup>, S. Wanamaker<sup>1</sup>, T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>, and P.A. Roberts<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>University of California, Riverside, California, 92521, USA;  
<sup>2</sup>INERA, Saria, Koudougou, Burkina Faso  
<sup>3</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Kano, Nigeria  
<sup>4</sup>ISRA, Bambey, Senegal

**Genetic mapping, physical location and synteny of *Fusarium oxysporum* f.sp. *tracheiphilum* race 3 resistance locus in cowpea**  
M.O. Pottorff<sup>1</sup>, J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>, T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>, and P.A. Roberts<sup>2</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Department of Botany & Plant Sciences  
<sup>2</sup>Department of Nematology, University of California, Riverside, CA 92521, USA

**Identification and characterization of MicroRNAs in cowpea**  
B. E. Barrera-Figueroa<sup>1</sup>, L. Gao<sup>1</sup>, N.N. Diop<sup>1</sup>, Z. Wu<sup>1</sup>, J.D. Ehlers<sup>1</sup>, P.A. Roberts<sup>2</sup>, T.J. Close<sup>1</sup>, J.K. Zhu<sup>1</sup>, and R. Liu<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Department of Botany and Plant Sciences, University of California, Riverside, CA 92521, USA  
<sup>2</sup>Department of Nematology, University of California, Riverside, CA 92521, USA

**Poster**  
**Characterization of cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] genotypes based on morphological traits and rapid chemical tests**  
R. Gowda<sup>1\*</sup>, M.N. Maithreyee<sup>1</sup>, D.L. Savithramma<sup>3</sup>, B.C. Channakeshava<sup>1</sup>, and R. Siddaraju<sup>2</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Department of Seed Science and Technology  
<sup>2</sup>AICRP on Seed Technology  
<sup>3</sup>Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding

University of Agricultural Sciences, Bengaluru 560 065, India

### The Kirkhouse Trust West African Cowpea Consortium

T. Béré, O. Boukar, N. Cissé, R. Koebner, L. Omoigui, J. Ouedraogo, G. Sobda, M. Timko, M. Touré, M. Wade

Kirkhouse Trust, Begbroke Science Park, Sandy Lane, Yarnton, Kidlington, Oxfordshire, OX14 2PD, England, [colin.dexter@kirkhousetrust.org](mailto:colin.dexter@kirkhousetrust.org)

### Perspectives de l'inoculation du niébé avec des microorganismes symbiotiques au Sénégal

T. Krasova-Wade<sup>1</sup>, M. Neyra<sup>2</sup>, H. Diene<sup>3</sup>, M. Sambou<sup>4</sup>, producteurs du CLCOP de Darou Mousty<sup>3</sup>, I. Thioye<sup>5</sup>, H. Aly Sow<sup>6</sup>, M. Dia<sup>5</sup> et I. Ndoye<sup>1,7</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire Commun de Microbiologie IRD/ISRA/UCAD, Centre de Recherche de Bel-Air, Dakar, Sénégal, [tania.wade@ird.fr](mailto:tania.wade@ird.fr)

<sup>2</sup>IRD, UMR 113 IRD/CIRAD/AGRO-M/UM2, USC INRA 1242, Laboratoire des Symbioses Tropicales et Méditerranéennes (LSTM), Campus de Baillarguet, France

<sup>3</sup>CLCOP, Cadre Locale de Concertation des Organisations de Producteurs de Darou Mousty, Sénégal  
<sup>4</sup>ANCAR, Agence Nationale de Conseil Agricole et Rural, Bureau régional de Louga, Sénégal

<sup>5</sup>CNCR, Conseil National de Concertation Rural, Dakar, Sénégal

<sup>6</sup>ASPRODEB, Association Sénégalaise pour la Promotion du Développement à la Base, Dakar, Sénégal

<sup>7</sup>Département de Biologie Végétale, Université Cheikh Anta Diop, F.S.T., BP. 5005, Dakar, Sénégal

### Mapping of quantitative trait loci (QTLs) associated with domestication characteristics using a recombinant inbred population derived from a cross between wild and cultivated cowpea [*V. unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]

M. Andargie<sup>1,2</sup>, R.S. Pasquet<sup>1</sup>, B. S. Gowda<sup>2</sup>, G.M. Muluvi<sup>3</sup> and M. P. Timko<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Center of Insect Physiology & Ecology, Molecular Biology & Biotechnology Department, Nairobi, Kenya

<sup>2</sup>Department of Biology, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA 22904 USA

<sup>3</sup>Department of Biochemistry and Biotechnology, Kenyatta University

### Accelerating genetic improvement of asparagus bean (*Vigna unguiculata* ssp. *sesquipedalis*) for vegetable use in times when the genomic knowledge of cowpea bursts

G. Li\*, P. Xu, X. Wu, B. Wang, Y. Liu, T. Hu, and Z. Lu

Institute of Vegetables, Zhejiang Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Hangzhou 310021, PR China  
[Guojing\\_li@yahoo.com.cn](mailto:Guojing_li@yahoo.com.cn)

## Bioengineering and Biosafety

### Oral

#### Insect-protected cowpeas using gene technology

T.J. Higgins<sup>1</sup>, S. Gollasch<sup>1</sup>, L. Molvig<sup>1</sup>, A. Moore<sup>1</sup>, C. Popelka<sup>1</sup>, J. Armstrong<sup>2</sup>, R. Mahon<sup>2</sup>, J. Ehlers<sup>3</sup>, J. Huesing<sup>4</sup>, V. Margam<sup>4</sup>, R. Shade<sup>4</sup>, and L. Murdock<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> CSIRO Plant Industry, GPO Box 1600, Canberra, ACT 2600, Australia, [TJ.Higgins@csiro.au](mailto:TJ.Higgins@csiro.au)

<sup>2</sup> CSIRO Entomology, GPO Box 1500, Canberra, ACT 2600, Australia

<sup>3</sup> Dept of Botany & Plant Sciences, Riverside, CA 92521, USA

<sup>4</sup> Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

#### Regulatory compliance - Burkina Faso

C.L. Dabiré-Binsou<sup>1</sup>, D. Sérémé<sup>1</sup>, M. N. Ba<sup>1</sup>, O. Traoré<sup>1</sup>, J. Ouédraogo<sup>1</sup>, A. Sanon<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire Central d'Entomologie Agricole, Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Burkina Faso

<sup>2</sup>Laboratoire d'Entomologie Fondamentale et Appliquée, UFR/SVT Université de Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

### **Regulatory compliance of Ghana towards management of genetically modified organisms**

I.D.K. Atokple <sup>1\*</sup> and E.A. Okoree<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>CSIR-SARI, P.O. Box 52, Tamale, Ghana

<sup>2</sup>Ministry of Environment, Science and Technology, P. O. Box M232, Accra, Ghana

### **On the origins and development of GM cowpea**

L.L. Murdock

<sup>1</sup>Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

### **a-Amylase inhibitor cowpea**

L. L. Murdock<sup>1</sup>, T.J.V. Higgins<sup>2</sup>, D. Shade<sup>1</sup>, J. Ehlers<sup>3</sup>, and C. Popelka<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

<sup>2</sup>Plant Industry, CSIRO, Canberra ACT 2601, Australia

<sup>3</sup>Department of Botany and Plant Sciences, University of California, Riverside, CA 92521, USA

### **Development and Optimization of a genetic transformation system for some varieties of cowpea**

#### **[*Vigna unguiculata* L. Walp.] cultivated in Senegal**

M. Thiam<sup>1</sup>, Y.K. Gassama-Dia<sup>1</sup>, M.O. SY<sup>1</sup> and C. Franche<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire Campus de Biotechnologies Végétales, Département de Biologie Végétale, FST, Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, BP 5005, Dakar Fann, Sénégal

<sup>2</sup>Groupe rhizogenèse, Unité Mixte de recherche Diversité et Adaptation des Plantes Cultivées (UMR DIPC), IRD, 911 avenue; Agropolis, BP 5045, 34394 Montpellier cedex 5, France.

### **Assessment of potential impact of *Bt*-cowpea on non-target arthropods**

J. Huesing<sup>1</sup>, J. Romeis<sup>2</sup>, and M. Tamò<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Formerly Monsanto, St. Louis MO, USA

<sup>2</sup>Agroscope Reckenholz-Tänikon Research Station ART, Reckenholzstr. 191, 8046 Zurich, Switzerland

<sup>3</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, IITA, Cotonou, Benin

### **Bt-cowpea transgene escape to cowpea wild relatives**

R.S. Pasquet

ICIPE

### **Gene flow in cowpea: Longevity of wild and cultivated cowpea seeds in the field**

C.A. Fatokun, and O. Boukar

International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), PMB 5320, Ibadan, Nigeria

### **Assessing the potential allergenicity of genetically modified (GM) cowpeas following CODEX Alimentarius Guidelines (2003)**

R.E. Goodman

Dept. of Food Science & Technology, 143 Food Industry Complex, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68583-0955, USA, email: [rgoodman2@unl.edu](mailto:rgoodman2@unl.edu)

### **Poster**

## **Assessing the impact of bruchid-resistant ( $\alpha$ AI-1) transgenic cowpeas on hymenopteran parasitoids**

J. Romeis, C. Lüthi, F. Álvarez-Alfageme

Agroscope Reckenholz-Tänikon Research Station ART, Reckenholzstr. 191, 8046 Zurich,  
Switzerland, [joerg.romeis@art.admin.ch](mailto:joerg.romeis@art.admin.ch)

## **Cowpea in the Systems**

### **Oral**

#### **Effect of drought stress on physiological traits of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* L. Walp.): tolerant varieties and relevant traits for breeding programs**

H. Falalou<sup>1\*</sup> and B. Serge<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Crops Research Institute for Semi Arid Tropics (ICRISAT Niamey), Niamey, Niger, BP 12404,

<sup>2</sup>Centre de Coopération Internationale en Recherche Agronomique pour le Développement (CIRAD), Avenue Agropolis, 34398 Montpellier Cedex 5, France

#### **Le niébé dans les nouvelles dynamiques paysannes en Centrafrique**

G.A. Irénée  
PRASAC/CEMAC

#### **Performances technologiques de quelques variétés améliorée de niébé du Niger**

S. Ramatou, K. Saley, M. Adamou, T. Adam

#### **Improving the productivities of cowpea-cereal cropping systems in the dry savannas of West Africa through dissemination of improved cowpea cropping systems**

H.A., Ajeigbe<sup>1\*</sup>, B.B. Singh<sup>1,2</sup>, A.Y. Kamara<sup>1</sup>, D. Chikoye<sup>1</sup>, A.K. Saidou<sup>3</sup>, and R.S. Adamu<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), Kano Station, P.M.B.3112 Kano, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Present address: Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

<sup>3</sup>Department of Crop Protection, Institute of Agricultural Research, Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria, Nigeria

<sup>4</sup>Institut National de Recherches Agronomiques du Niger (INRAN) Maradi Station, Maradi, Niger Republic

#### **Improvement in grain and fodder yields of cowpea genotypes representing four decades of breeding in the Nigerian Sudan savannas**

A.Y. Kamara<sup>1\*</sup>, H. Ajeigbe<sup>1</sup>, S.U. Ewansiha<sup>1</sup>, O. Boukar<sup>1</sup>, R. Okechukwu<sup>1</sup>, H. Tefera<sup>1</sup>, and L.O. Omoigui<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Ibadan, Nigeria, c/o IITA Ltd, Carolyn House, 26 Dingwall Rd, Croydon, CR 9 3 EE

<sup>2</sup>College of Agronomy, Department of Plant Breeding and Seed Science, University of Agriculture, Makurdi, Nigeria

#### **Building capacity for community cowpea seed production and delivery in Tanzania: Experiences from pilot villages in Iringa district**

K.P. Sibuga<sup>1</sup>, D.P. Mamiro<sup>1</sup>, E.A. Lazaro<sup>1</sup>, F.E. Mwakitwange<sup>2</sup>, D. Philip<sup>1</sup> and D. Chilosa<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Sokoine University of Agriculture

<sup>2</sup>Tanzania Official Seed Certification Agency

<sup>3</sup>Agricultural Seed Agency

### **Increasing the productivity of cowpea with rhizobium inoculants**

R.M. Boddey<sup>1</sup>, G.R. Xavier<sup>1</sup>, L.M.V Martins<sup>2</sup>, R.M.M. Alcantra<sup>3</sup>, C.E.R. do Santos<sup>4</sup>, N.G. Rumjanek<sup>1</sup>, and R.M.R. Gaultier<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Embrapa Agrobiologia, Seropédica, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, boboddey@gmail.com

<sup>2</sup>Universidade do Estado da Bahia, Juazeiro, Bahia, Brazil

<sup>3</sup>Embrapa Meio Norte, Teresina, Piauí, Brazil

<sup>4</sup>Universidade Federal Rural do Pernambuco, Recife, Pernambuco, Brazil

### **Effect of phosphorus on survival, nodulation and yield of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) varieties across a soil fertility degradation gradient in Western Kenya**

S.N. Odundo<sup>1\*</sup>, O.J. Ojiem<sup>1</sup>, J.R. Okalebo<sup>2</sup>, C.O. Othieno<sup>2</sup>, J.G. Lauren<sup>3</sup> and B.A. Medvecky<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Kenya Agriculture Research Institute, P.O. Box 169-50100, Kakamega, Kenya,

[odundosilvester@yahoo.com](mailto:odundosilvester@yahoo.com)

<sup>2</sup> Moi University, Chepkoilel campus, P.O BOX 1125, Eldoret, Kenya

<sup>3</sup>Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Ithaca, NY 14853-7801, USA

### **Seed health constrains upscaling informal seed systems**

P.C. Biemond<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Ayodele<sup>1</sup>, O. Oguntade<sup>1</sup>, A.Y. Kamara<sup>1</sup>, T.J. Stomph<sup>2</sup>, and P.C. Struik<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Centre for Crop Systems Analysis (CSA), Wageningen University, Wageningen, The Netherlands

### **Cowpea as a potential green manure crop in the rain forest zone of Ghana**

S. Agyenim Boateng [sagyenimboateng@yahoo.com](mailto:sagyenimboateng@yahoo.com); [soils@africaonline.com.gh](mailto:soils@africaonline.com.gh)

Soil Research Institute, Academy Post Office, Kwadaso-Kumasi, Ghana

### **Short-duration cowpea varieties and intensive cowpea-cereals cropping systems for increased household food security and enhanced family nutrition in the tropics**

B. B. Singh

Visiting Professor, Dept. of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College Station TX 77843, Texas USA. (Formerly, Cowpea Breeder at the International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Nigeria)

### **Poster**

#### **Status of cowpea research in Bangladesh**

M.A. Zaman

Regional Agricultural Research Station, Hathazari, Chittagong, Bangladesh

#### **Cowpea-livestock integration: A sustainable organic farming strategy towards nutrition security and improved livelihood in sub-Saharan Africa**

R.A. Oluwafemi

Department of Agricultural Economics and Extension, College of Natural and applied Sciences, Igbiniedion University, Okada. Edo State, Nigeria

#### **Harnessing the potential of agriculture for food security and improved livelihood through cowpea-livestock integration**

R.A. Oluwafemi

Department of Agricultural Economics and Extension, College of Natural and applied Sciences, Igbiniedion University, Okada. Edo State, Nigeria. [oluwb@outlook.com](mailto:oluwb@outlook.com)

#### **Field evaluation of IITA-improved cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* L.) lines for yield potential and stability in different environments and locations**

J.A.N. Asiwe<sup>1</sup> and H. Ajeigbe<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>ARC-Small Grain Institute, Private Bag X29, Bethlehem, 9700, South Africa.

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), PMB 5320, Ibadan, Nigeria

**The use of cowpea for increase crop-livestock integration and improved productivities in the dry savannas of West Africa**

H.A. Ajeigbe<sup>1</sup>, A. Musa<sup>2</sup>, B.B. Singh<sup>1,3</sup>, and S.A. Tarawali<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), Kano Station

P.M.B.3112, Sabo Bakin Zuwo Road Kano, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI), IITA Kano Station

<sup>3</sup>Present address: Visiting Professor, Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

<sup>4</sup>International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI), P.O.Box 5689, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

**Evaluation of farmer's affordability in the millet/cowpea intercropping system with application of organic matter in the Sahel, West Africa**

Hide Omae<sup>1</sup>, Saidou Addam Kiari<sup>1</sup>, and Satoshi Tobita<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Japan International Research Center for Agricultural Sciences (JIRCAS)

<sup>2</sup>National Institute of Agronomic Research of Niger (INRAN)

**Opportunities for cowpea improvement in South Africa**

D.A. Odeny<sup>1</sup> and S.M. Githiri<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Agricultural Research Council – Vegetable and Ornamental Plants Institute, Private Bag X293, Pretoria, 0001 South Africa

<sup>2</sup>University of KwaZulu-Natal, African Centre for Crop Improvement (ACCI), Private Bag X01, Scottsville, 32009 KwaZulu-Natal

**Effect of planting date on cowpea grain yield at Ilorin, Southern Guinea Savanna agroecology of Nigeria**

S.R. Akande, S.A. Olakojo, S.A. Ajayi, O.F. Owolade, O.N. Adeniyan, and B.A. Ogunbodede  
Institute of Agricultural Research and Training, Obafemi Awolowo University, P.M.B. 5029, Moor Plantation, Ibadan, Nigeria

**Cropping pattern of vegetable cowpea in some states of India**

S. Alkari, M. Vishwakarma, and G.V.Umalkar

Ankur Research Foundation, 27, New Cotton Market Layout Nagpur, Maharashtra India.

[sonalisaa@rediffmail.com](mailto:sonalisaa@rediffmail.com)

**Introduction of irrigated cowpea for improving food security in Mauritania**

E. García-Ponce<sup>1,2</sup>, O. Diallo<sup>3</sup>, M.A. Sall<sup>4</sup>, C. Baba<sup>5</sup>, J. Comas<sup>6</sup>, L. Mateos<sup>1</sup>, and H. Gómez-Macpherson<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Instituto de Agricultura Sostenible, CSIC, Córdoba, Spain

<sup>2</sup>Ministère du Développement Rural, Nouakchott, Mauritania

<sup>3</sup>Ministère du Développement Rural, Kaédi, Mauritania

<sup>4</sup>Ministère du Développement Rural, Boghé, Mauritania

<sup>5</sup>Ministère du Développement Rural, Rosso, Mauritania

<sup>6</sup>Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, UPC, Barcelona, Spain

**Potentials of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) for dry season seed and fodder production in Sahelian sandy soil of Niger**

A.K. Saidou\*<sup>1</sup>, H.A. Ajeigbe<sup>1</sup>, O. Hide<sup>3</sup>, T. Satoshi<sup>3</sup>, and B. B Singh<sup>4</sup>,

<sup>1</sup>National Institute of Agronomic Research of Niger (INRAN) Po Box 429 Niamey Niger,  
[kaddam2001@yahoo.fr](mailto:kaddam2001@yahoo.fr) or [S.Kiari@icrisatne.ne](mailto:S.Kiari@icrisatne.ne)

<sup>2</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Kano Niger

<sup>3</sup>Japan International Research Center for Agricultural Sciences (JIRCAS), Japan

<sup>4</sup>Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

**Effect of timing to start leaf harvest on leafy vegetables and seed yields of selected cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) lines in Morogoro, Tanzania**

R.G. Rwegasira and D.G.Msuya

Department of Crop Since and Production, Sokoine University of Agriculture, P. O Box 3005 Chuo Kikuu, Morogoro, Tanzania, [shayoros@yahoo.com](mailto:shayoros@yahoo.com)

**Effects of inter-row and intra-row spacing on yield and yield components of a prostrate cowpea cultivar (Buffa)**

Sawsan Kamal Eldin Hassan

Agricultural Research Corporation, EL-obeid Research Station, P.O.Box 429 Sudan, Fax+249-611-823000, Mobile 249911106052

**Biotic Stresses**

**Oral**

**Managing the risk of introducing seed-transmitted viruses associated with import of cowpea germplasm into India**

V. Celia Chalam, D.B. Parakh, R.K. Khetarpal, A.K. Maurya, and Promil Kapoor

Division of Plant Quarantine, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, Pusa campus, New Delhi-110 012

**Distinct mitochondrial haplotypes of legume pod borer *Maruca vitrata* Fabricius (Lepidoptera: Crambidae) global populations**

V.M. Margam<sup>1</sup>, B.S. Coates<sup>2</sup>, M.N. Ba<sup>3</sup>, W. Sun<sup>4</sup>, C.L. Binso-Dabire<sup>3</sup>, I. Baoua<sup>5</sup>, M. F. Ishiyaku<sup>6</sup>, J. T. Shukle<sup>1</sup>, R. L. Hellmich<sup>2</sup>, F. G. Covas<sup>7</sup>, S. Ramasamy<sup>8</sup>, J. Armstrong<sup>9</sup>, B. R. Pittendrigh<sup>4</sup>, and L. L. Murdock<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Purdue University, 901 W State St, Smith Hall, W Lafayette, IN 47906, USA

<sup>2</sup>USDA-ARS, Corn Insects & Crop Genetics Research Unit, Ames, IA 50011

<sup>3</sup>Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Station de Kamboinse' 01 BP 476, Ouagadougou 01, Burkina Faso

<sup>4</sup>Department of Entomology, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Champaign, IL 61801.

<sup>5</sup>Institut National de Recherche Agronomique du Niger, Maradi, Niger

<sup>6</sup>Ahmadu Bello University, Samaru-Zaria, Nigeria

<sup>7</sup>University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico

<sup>8</sup>AVRDC-The World Vegetable Center, Tainan, Taiwan

<sup>9</sup>Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO), Black Mountain, Australia

**Genomics of the legume pod borer *Maruca vitrata* Fabricius (Lepidoptera: Crambidae)**

V. M. Margam<sup>1</sup>, B. S. Coates<sup>2</sup>, T. Agunbiade<sup>3</sup>, W. Sun<sup>3</sup>, M. N. Ba<sup>4</sup>, C. L. Binso-Dabire<sup>4</sup>, I. Baoua<sup>5</sup>, M. F. Ishiyaku<sup>6</sup>, R. L. Hellmich<sup>2</sup>, F. G. Covas<sup>7</sup>, S. Ramasamy<sup>8</sup>, J. Armstrong, L. L. Murdock<sup>1</sup>, and B. R. Pittendrigh<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Purdue University, 901 W State St, Smith Hall, W Lafayette, IN 47906, USA

<sup>2</sup>USDA-ARS, Corn Insects & Crop Genetics Research Unit, Ames, IA 50011, USA

<sup>3</sup> Department of Entomology, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Champaign, IL 61801, USA

<sup>4</sup>Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Station de Kamboinse' 01 BP 476, Ouagadougou 01, Burkina Faso

<sup>5</sup>Institut National de Recherche Agronomique du Niger, Maradi, Niger

<sup>6</sup>Ahmadu Bello University, Samaru-Zaria, Nigeria

<sup>7</sup>University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico

<sup>8</sup>AVRDC-The World Vegetable Center, Tainan, Taiwan

<sup>9</sup>Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO), Black Mountain, Australia

### **Plant protection deployment strategies for extension services and cowpea farmers**

J.B. Bravo, F. Seufferheld, M.N. Ba, C.L. Binso-Dabire, I. Baoua, M. Tamò, and B. Pittendrigh

### **Potential effect of phytopesticide (rice husk extract) on root and soil-borne fungi pathogens of cowpea isolated in the Northern Guinea Savannah of Nigeria**

A.S. Killani<sup>1</sup>, R.C. Abaidoo<sup>1</sup> and A.K. Akintokun<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Ibadan, Nigeria

### **IPM-omics: how omics is reshaping the way we do integrated pest management and implications for cowpea in West Africa**

B. Pittendrigh, A. Gassmann, V. Margam, B. Coates, M. Ba, C. Dabire, I. Baoua, and M. Tamò

### **Migration and mating status of the legume pod borer, *Maruca vitrata* in northern Nigeria with reference to the efficacy of synthetic sex pheromone traps**

T. Adati<sup>1\*</sup>, M. Tamò<sup>2</sup>, and M.C.A. Downham<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of International Agricultural Development, Tokyo University of Agriculture, Sakuraagaoka 1-1-1, Setagaya, Tokyo 156-8502, Japan

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Benin Station, 08 BP 0932 Tri Postal, Cotonou, Republic of Benin

<sup>3</sup>Natural Resources Institute, University of Greenwich, Chatham Maritime, Kent ME4 4TB, United Kingdom

### **Biological control: a major component for the long-term cowpea pest management strategy**

M. Tamò, S. Ramasamy, C. Agboton, C. Dabiré, I. Baoua, M. Ba, H. Braimah, and B.R. Pittendrigh

### **Role of alternative hosts in cowpea virus disease epidemiology in the unmanaged legume cropping systems in Nigeria**

O.O. Odedara<sup>1,2</sup> and P. L. Kumar<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>Department of Microbiology, University of Agriculture, P.M.B. 2240, Abeokuta, Nigeria

## **Postharvest and Utilization**

### **Oral**

#### **Analyse des pratiques pré et post-récolte du niébé [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] et évaluation de la qualité mycologique**

P.A. Houssou<sup>1\*</sup>, B.C. Ahohuendo<sup>2</sup>, P. Fandohan<sup>1</sup>, K. Kpodo<sup>3</sup>, D.J. Hounhouigan<sup>2</sup>, and M. Jakobsen<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Programme de Technologie Agricole et Alimentaire de Institut National des Recherches Agricoles du Bénin; BP : 128, Porto-Novo, Bénin

<sup>2</sup>Faculté des Sciences Agronomiques de l'Université d' Abomey-Calavi, Bénin; 01 BP :526, Cotonou, Bénin

<sup>3</sup>CSIR Food Research Institute, Department of Food Microbiology, P.O. Box M. 20, Accra, Ghana

<sup>4</sup>Food Microbiology Department, Faculty of Life Science, University of Copenhagen, Rolighedsvej 30, DK-1958 Frederiksberg C, Denmark

**Purdue Improved Cowpea Storage (PICS): What it is and how it works**L. Murdock<sup>1</sup>, V. Margam<sup>1</sup>, I. Baoua<sup>2</sup>, S. Balfe<sup>1</sup>, L. Mauer<sup>3</sup>, and R. Shade<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA<sup>2</sup>Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique du Niger (INRAN)<sup>3</sup>Department of Food Science, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA**Low energy techniques for differentiating commonly consumed cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.] varieties in Nigeria**

S.O. Alayande, D. Makinde, G.A. Osinkolu

**Performance of PICS cowpea storage technology in villages in Niger**I. Baoua<sup>1</sup>, V. Margam<sup>2,3</sup>, and L. Murdock<sup>2,3</sup><sup>1</sup>Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique du Niger (INRAN)<sup>2</sup>Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA<sup>3</sup>Molecular Plant Resistance to Insects and Nematodes Team, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA**Hard-to-cook (HTC) phenomena in cowpeas: Causes, mechanisms, prevention or alleviation**

A. Minnaar

Department of Food Science, Faculty of Natural and Agricultural Sciences, University of Pretoria, Pretoria, 0002, South Africa

**Expérience originale et efficace de diffusion de la technologie PICS au Burkina Faso**C.L. Dabiré-Binso<sup>1</sup>, A. Sanon<sup>1,2</sup>, M.N. Ba<sup>1</sup>, D. Baributsa<sup>3</sup>, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer<sup>3</sup>, and L. Murdock<sup>3</sup><sup>1</sup>Laboratoire Central d'Entomologie Agricole, Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Burkina Faso<sup>2</sup>Laboratoire d'Entomologie Fondamentale et Appliquée, UFR/SVT Université de Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso<sup>3</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA**Association of seedcoat color to polyphenols, tannins and antioxidant activity In *Vigna unguiculata* varieties**A.J. Gawde<sup>1</sup>, B.B. Singh<sup>1</sup>, J. Ehlers<sup>2</sup> and J. Awika<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Department of Crop & Soil Sciences, Texas A & M University, College Station TX 77840, USA<sup>2</sup>Department of Botany and Plant Sciences, University of California, Riverside, CA 92521, USA**Yield and nutritive quality of genetically diverse cowpea accessions for use as food-feed crops**E.E. Grings<sup>1</sup>, O. Boukar<sup>2</sup>, M. Blümmel<sup>1</sup>, C. Fatokun<sup>2</sup>, S. Hearne<sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup>International Livestock Research Institute, Ibadan, Nigeria and Hyderabad, India<sup>2</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture, Kano and Ibadan, Nigeria**Value-added processing of cowpeas in West Africa: Cowpea-based street food enterprises in Niger and Ghana**M. Otoo<sup>1</sup>, J. Fulton<sup>1</sup>, G. Ibro<sup>2</sup>, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Department of Agricultural Economics, Purdue University, 403 W. State Street, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA, [motoo@purdue.edu](mailto:motoo@purdue.edu) Telephone: (765)-494-0848<sup>2</sup>Institut National de Recherche Agronomique du Niger (INRAN), Niamey, Niger, [geribro@yahoo.fr](mailto:geribro@yahoo.fr) Telephone: 011-(227)-96981861**Poster****Preliminary investigation utilization of cowpea pod in porous ceramic clay filter**

S.O. Alayande\*, A.A. Adurafimihan, G.A. Osinkolu  
Centre for Energy Research and Development, Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife, Nigeria

**Comparative evaluation of six storage technologies for postharvest preservation of cowpea grain**

I. Baoua

Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique du Niger (INRAN), Maradi, Niger

**Etudes de base sur l'efficacité des plastiques en conservation du niébé par triple ensachage au Burkina Faso**

A. Sanon<sup>1,2</sup>, C.L. Dabiré-Binso<sup>2</sup>, M. Ba<sup>2</sup>, L. Murdock<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire d'Entomologie Fondamentale et Appliquée, UFR/SVT Université de Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso,

<sup>2</sup> Laboratoire Central d'Entomologie Agricole, Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Burkina Faso,

<sup>3</sup>Department of Entomology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA

**Phytochemical quality of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*): Implications for food processing and potential contribution to health**

K.G. Duodu

Department of Food Science, Faculty of Natural and Agricultural Sciences, University of Pretoria, Pretoria, 0002, South Africa, [gyebi.duodu@up.ac.za](mailto:gyebi.duodu@up.ac.za)

**Effect of PICS bags and IRRI Super Bags on the control of postharvest pests in stored maize in Benin**

K. Hell<sup>1\*</sup>, K.E. Ognakossan<sup>2,3</sup>, Y. Lamboni<sup>2</sup>, O. Coulibaly<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Potato Center (CIP), B.P. 08-0932 Tri postal Cotonou, Benin, [k.hell@cgiar.org](mailto:k.hell@cgiar.org)

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), B.P. 08-0932 Tri postal Cotonou, Benin,

<sup>3</sup>Ecole Supérieure d'Agronomie, Université de Lomé; BP 1515, Lomé Togo;

**Extension of Purdue Improved Cowpea Storage technology: Impacts and challenges: Case study Plateau State, Nigeria**

A. Abifarin<sup>1</sup>, T. Abdoulaye<sup>2</sup> and J. Lowenberg-Deboer<sup>3</sup>,

<sup>1</sup>Corresponding author: Managing Director "PROGREEN" Abuja Nigeria; Address: 22 Nike Lake Street, Maitama, Abuja. [loversofgreen@yahoo.com](mailto:loversofgreen@yahoo.com)

<sup>2</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA)-Kano Station

<sup>3</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

**Socioeconomics**

**Oral**

**Supply chain development for cowpea storage technology in developing countries: Case study of hermetic triple layer sacks in West and Central Africa**

D. Baributsa<sup>1</sup>, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer<sup>1</sup> and H. Fabries<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

**Assessing the re-use of PICS bags in Jigawa, Kano and Katsina States of northern Nigeria**

T. Abdoulaye<sup>1</sup>, Bamikole Ayedun<sup>1</sup>, S. A Musa<sup>2</sup>, J. Lowenberg-Deboer<sup>3</sup>, and D. Baributsa<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Kano Station, [T.Abdoulaye@cgiar.org](mailto:T.Abdoulaye@cgiar.org) <sup>2</sup>Bayero University of Kano, PMB 3011, Kano, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

**Effectiveness of cowpea and wild *Vigna* germplasm distribution and cost implication on their conservation efforts by IITA's genebank**

V.M. Manyong<sup>1\*</sup>, D. Dumet<sup>2</sup>, A.T. Ogundapo<sup>2</sup>, and D. Horna<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), PO Box 34441 Dar es Salaam, Tanzania

<sup>2</sup>International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), PMB 5320 Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), Washington DC. USA

**Potentiel pour un développement effectif de la participation des femmes dans le sous secteur niébé à Kano**

G. Ibro<sup>1\*</sup>, J. Lowenberg – De Boer<sup>2</sup>, et Musa Shehu<sup>3</sup>,

<sup>1</sup>Institut National de la recherché, agronomique du Niger (INRAN), Niamey, Niger

<sup>2</sup>International Programs in Agriculture, 615 W. State Street, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2053, USA

<sup>3</sup> Bayero University of Kano State, Nigeria

**Cell phone video for communicating hermetic cowpea storage skills**

D. Baributsa<sup>1</sup>, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer<sup>1</sup> and A.K. Djibo<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

<sup>2</sup>World Vision Niger, Zinder, Niger

**The cowpea economy in West Africa—facts, trends, and outlook**

A.D. Alene, T. Abdoulaye, J. Rusike, and V.M. Manyong

International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA)

**Gender and adoption of cowpea innovations in West Africa: Review of some critical issues**

A. Sounkour, C. Ousmane, C. Aitchedji

International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), 08 BP 0932 Tri postal, Cotonou, Benin

**Economic and technology transfer in a livelihoods context: Lessons learned from the implementation and use of hermetic triple plastic bagging in West Africa by World Vision International**

E. Schmidt<sup>1</sup>, B. Thiero<sup>2</sup>, S. Yaou<sup>3</sup> and K. Djibobo<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Regional PICS Coordinator World Vision West Africa: [eric\\_schmidt@wvi.org](mailto:eric_schmidt@wvi.org)

<sup>2</sup>National PICS coordinator for WV Mali. [bakary\\_thiero@wvi.org](mailto:bakary_thiero@wvi.org)

<sup>3</sup>National PICS coordinator for Niger. [salifou\\_yaou@wvi.org](mailto:salifou_yaou@wvi.org)

<sup>4</sup>Assistant National Coordinator PICS for Niger [djibokamarou@yahoo.fr](mailto:djibokamarou@yahoo.fr)

**Participatory cowpea development for poverty reduction and sustainable livelihoods in West Africa: Case of PRONAF (Projet Niébé pour l'Afrique) a multi-partners, regional and collaborative project**

R. Adeoti, O. Coulibaly, R. Allomasso, S. Adetonah, B. Gbaguidi, and C. Fatokun

International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA)

**Targeting cowpea breeding and seed delivery efforts to enhance poverty impacts in sub-Saharan Africa**

O. Coulibaly<sup>1</sup>, A. D. Alene<sup>2</sup>, T. Abdoulaye<sup>3</sup>, J. Chianu<sup>4</sup>, V. Manyong<sup>5</sup>, C. Aitchedji<sup>1</sup>,

C. Fatokun<sup>6</sup>, A. Kamara<sup>3</sup>, B. Ousmane<sup>3</sup>, H. Tefera<sup>2</sup>, and S. Boahen<sup>7</sup>

<sup>1</sup>IITA-Benin, 08BP0932, tripostal, Cotonou, Benin, [o.coulibaly@cgiar.org](mailto:o.coulibaly@cgiar.org)

<sup>2</sup>IITA-Malawi

<sup>3</sup>IITA-Kano, Nigeria

<sup>4</sup>TSBF-CIAT, Kenya

<sup>5</sup>IITA-Tanzania

<sup>6</sup>IITA-Ibadan, Nigeria

<sup>7</sup>ITA-Mozambique

**Producing cowpeas for sustainable rural livelihoods in West Africa: an agenda for food security and poverty reduction**

S. Igbatayo

College of Business & Management Studies, Igbinedion University, Okada, Nigeria

**Estimating impact of improved cowpea and cereal varieties on poverty in Northern Nigeria using a Propensity Score Approach**

J.N. Binam<sup>1</sup>, A. Tahirou<sup>2</sup>, H.A. Ajeigbe<sup>2</sup>, L. Olarinde<sup>1</sup> and B. Ayedun<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Forum for Agricultural Research in Africa (FARA) Sub-Saharan Africa Challenge Program (SSA CP) KKM PLS-IAR-Agric Research Station (ARS), ABU Sabo Bakin Zuwo (Wudil) Road, Kano P.O.BOX 1062, Kano, Nigeria

<sup>2</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Kano, Nigeria

**Adoption of hermetic storage for cowpea in Niger and Burkina Faso in 2010**

B. Moussa, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer and D. Baributsa

<sup>1</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

**Evaluation de la réutilisation des sacs PICS et de leur usage pour la conservation d'autres denrées dans les zones de diffusion de la technologie du triple ensachage au Burkina Faso**

A. Sanon<sup>1,2</sup>, C.L. Dabiré-Binso<sup>2</sup>, M.N. Ba<sup>2</sup>, D. Baritbusa<sup>3</sup>, J. Lowenberg-DeBoer<sup>3</sup>, L. Murdock<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire d'Entomologie Fondamentale et Appliquée, UFR/SVT Université de Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

<sup>2</sup> Laboratoire Central d'Entomologie Agricole, Institut de l'Environnement et de Recherches Agricoles (INERA), Burkina Faso

<sup>3</sup> Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA

**The Effect of Extension Programming on the Adoption of the Triple-Bagging Hermetic Storage Technology for cowpeas**

Bokar Moussa, Miriam Otoo, Joan Fulton and James Lowenberg-DeBoer

Department of Agricultural Economics, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA,

[bmoussa@purdue.edu](mailto:bmoussa@purdue.edu),

**Adoption of PICS bags in northern Nigeria: a case study of Jigawa, Kano and Katsina States**

B. Ayedun<sup>1</sup>, T. Abdoulaye<sup>1</sup>, S. A Musa<sup>2</sup>, J. Lowenberg-Deboer<sup>3</sup>, D. Baristutsa<sup>3</sup>, S. A. Yakubu<sup>2</sup> and A. A. Idris<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA)-Kano Station. International Mailing Address: IITA Limited 6th Floor, Suite G Carolyn House, 26 Dingwall Road-Croydon CR93EE, United Kingdom, [T.Abdoulaye@cgiar.org](mailto:T.Abdoulaye@cgiar.org)

<sup>2</sup>Bayero University of Kano, PMB 3011, Kano, Nigeria

<sup>3</sup>Purdue University, West Lafayette, In 47907, USA

**Facilitating agricultural innovation and development in sub-Saharan Africa: Lessons from A research tnto use Programme in Nigeria**

U.P. Ugbe\* [ugbe@msn.com](mailto:ugbe@msn.com) or +234-703-592-7134

**Integration of Cowpea Markets for Food Security in Nigeria: Food for thought**

T.T.Amos

Department of Agricultural Economics and Extension, Federal University of Technology, PMB 704, Akure, Ondo State, Nigeria, ttamos2001@yahoo.com

**Socioeconomics of demand and consumption pattern of cowpea in Nigeria**

T.T. Amos, and J.O. Oseni

Department of Agricultural Economics and Extension, Federal University of Technology, PMB 704,  
Akure, Ondo State, Nigeria, ttamos2001@yahoo.com; Oseni156@yahoo.com

**A socioeconomic assessment of cowpea diversity on the Ghanaian market: Implications for breeding**

W. Quaye<sup>1</sup>, K. Adofo<sup>2</sup>, E.S. Buckman<sup>3</sup>, G. Frempong<sup>4</sup>, J. Jongerden<sup>5</sup> and G. Ruivamkamp<sup>6</sup>,

<sup>1</sup>Research Scientist and PhD student, Food Research Institute (CSIR) Box M20, Accra/CTC

Wageningen University, [quayewilhemina@yahoo.com](mailto:quayewilhemina@yahoo.com) OR [Wilhelmina.quaye@wur.nl](mailto:Wilhelmina.quaye@wur.nl)

<sup>2</sup>Research Scientist & PhD student, CSIR-Crops Research Institute Box 3785, Kumasi Lab. of Plant Breeding, Wageningen University and Research Centre, Netherlands

<sup>3</sup>Food Research Institute (CSIR) Box M20, Accra

<sup>4</sup>Principal Research Scientist, Science and Technology Policy Research Institute (CSIR) Box CT519, Accra-Ghana

<sup>5</sup>Social Science group/CTC Wageningen University, The Netherlands